Page 7, lines 19 and 24, please replace "hybridising" with -hybridizing-.

Page 8, line 6, please replace "hybridise" with -hybridize-.

Page 14, line 6, please replace "cross-hybridise" with -cross-hybridize-.

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Twice Amended) A pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes having comparable size, said size being selected from the group consisting of from 1 to 100 kb, from 1 to 10 kb, 7 to 15 kb, 10 to 20 kb, 10 to 30 kb, 20 to 40 kb, 30 to 50 kb, 40 to 60 kb, 50 to 70 kb, 60 to 80 kb, 70 to 90 kb, and 80 to 100 kb, and flanking a potential breakpoint in a chromosome, each of said [probe] pair of <u>distinct probes</u> being labelled with at least one different reporter molecule.

- 2. (Twice Amended) A pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes of comparable size, said size being selected from the group consisting of from 1 to 100 kb, from 1 to 10 kb, 7 to 15 kb, 10 to 20 kb, 10 to 30 kb, 20 to 40 kb, 30 to 50 kb, 40 to 60 kb, 50 to 70 kb, 60 to 80 kb, 70 to 90 kb, and 80 to 100 kb, and flanking a potential breakpoint in a chromosome, which pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes hybridize to a nucleic acid molecule at a genomic distance of from about 50 kb to no more than 100 kb.
- 3. (Twice Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes of comparable size of claim 1, which pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes [hybridise] <u>hybridize</u> to a nucleic acid molecule at a genomic distance of from about 50 kb to no more than 100 kb.
 - 4. (Twice Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes of claim 2, each of said pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes being <u>labelled</u> directly or indirectly with at least one reporter molecule.
 - 5. (Twice Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes of claim 4 wherein the at least one reporter molecule is selected from the group consisting of enzymes, chromophores, fluorochromes, and haptens.

6. (Twice Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes of claim 5 wherein the probes [hybridise] <u>hybridize</u> to a single corresponding nucleic acid molecule.

- 7. (Twice Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes of claim 6 wherein the single corresponding nucleic acid molecule is at least a fragment of a chromosome.
- 8. (Twice Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes of claim 7 wherein the chromosome is not aberrant.
- 9. (Twice Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes <u>of</u> claim 1 which [hybridise] <u>hybridize</u> in situ.
- 10. (Twice Amended) The pair of distinct nucleic acid probes of claim 9, which pair of distinct probes each [hybridise] hybridize in situ [under low-stringent conditions] to only a few linear DNA molecules per cell.

(Twice Amended) A method of detecting a nucleic acid molecule having a chromosomal aberration, said method comprising [using of the pair of nucleic acid probes of claim 1]:

providing a pair of distinct nucleic acid probes to analyze a sample believed to contain <u>said</u> nucleic acid, <u>said distinct nucleic acid probes having comparable size</u>, <u>said size being selected from the group consisting of 1 to 100 kb, 1 to 10 kb, 7 to 15 kb, 10 to 20 kb, 10 to 30 kb, 20 to 40 kb, 30 to 50 kb, 40 to 60 kb, 50 to 70 kb, 60 to 80 kb, 70 to 90 kb and 80 to 100 kb, and said distinct nucleic acid probes flanking a potential breakpoint in a chromosome, each of said pair of distinct probes being labeled with at least one different reporter molecule;</u>

hybridizing said distinct nucleic acid probes to said nucleic acid; and detecting the presence of said reporter molecule.

12. (Twice Amended) A method of detecting cells suspected of having a chromosomal aberration, said method comprising[analyzing said cells or said cell's nucleic acid with the pair of nucleic acid probes of claim 1]:

providing a pair of distinct nucleic acid probes to analyze nucleic acid of said cells, said distinct nucleic acid probes having comparable size, said size being selected from the group consisting of 1 to 100 kb, 1 to 10 kb, 7 to 15 kb, 10 to 20 kb, 10 to 30 kb, 20 to 40 kb, 30 to 50 kb, 40 to 60 kb, 50 to 70 kb, 60 to 80 kb, 70 to 90 kb and 80 to 100 kb, and said distinct nucleic acid probes flanking a potential breakpoint in a chromosome, each of said pair of distinct probes being labeled with at least one different reporter molecule;

hybridizing said distinct nucleic acid probes to the nucleic acid of at least one of said cells; and

detecting the presence of said reporter molecule.

- 17. (Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes <u>of</u> claim 1 wherein the probes [hybridize] <u>hybridize</u> to a single corresponding nucleic acid molecule.
 - 18. (Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes of claim 17 wherein the single corresponding nucleic acid molecule is at least a fragment of a chromosome.
 - 19. (Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes of claim 18 wherein the chromosome is not aberrant
 - 20. (Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes <u>of</u> claim 3 wherein the probes [hybridise] <u>hybridize</u> to a single corresponding nucleic acid molecule.
 - 21. (Amended) The pair of <u>distinct</u> nucleic acid probes of claim 20 wherein the single corresponding nucleic acid molecule is at least a fragment of a chromosome.





